

Fortum Foundation's Award Ceremony 2018

15.00 Welcome

Lars Peter Lindfors, Chief Technology Officer, Neste

15.05 Opening

Pekka Lundmark, Chairman of the Board of Fortum Foundation

15.15 It took 44 years from the idea to the Millenium prize – can we learn something about the process?

Tuomo Suntola, PhD, Winner of 2018 Millenium Technology Prize

16.15 Fortum Foundation's Scholarships 2018

16.30 Buffet

It took 44 years from the idea to the Millenium prize – can we learn something about the process?

Tuomo Suntola

- Innovation behind Millenium 2018 prize: Atomic Layer Deposition (ALD) technology
- What makes ALD unique; what gives the special properties to the ALD material layers?
- How was ALD invented, how was everything started?
- Timeline of the ALD development and commercialization steps
- Hierarchy and timespan of developments

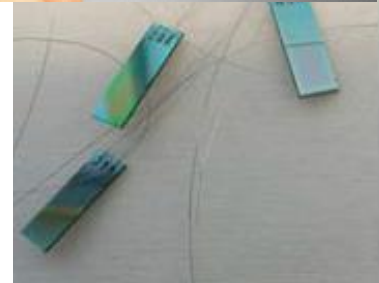
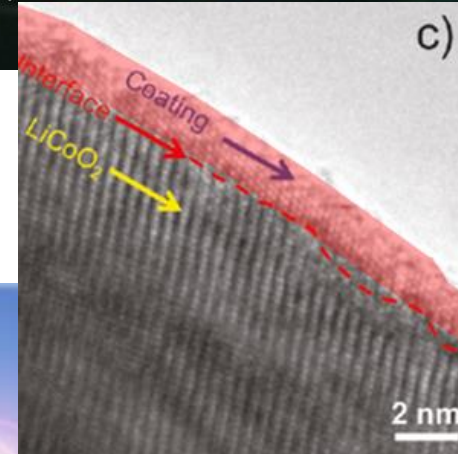
Innovation behind Millenium 2018 prize:
Atomic Layer Deposition (ALD) technology

What is ALD, where and why is ALD needed?

ALD is a method for growing highly ordered material layers. ALD layers are built up sequentially, one atomic layer in a reaction cycle, which guarantees extreme uniformity even in layers of a few atomic layer thickness.

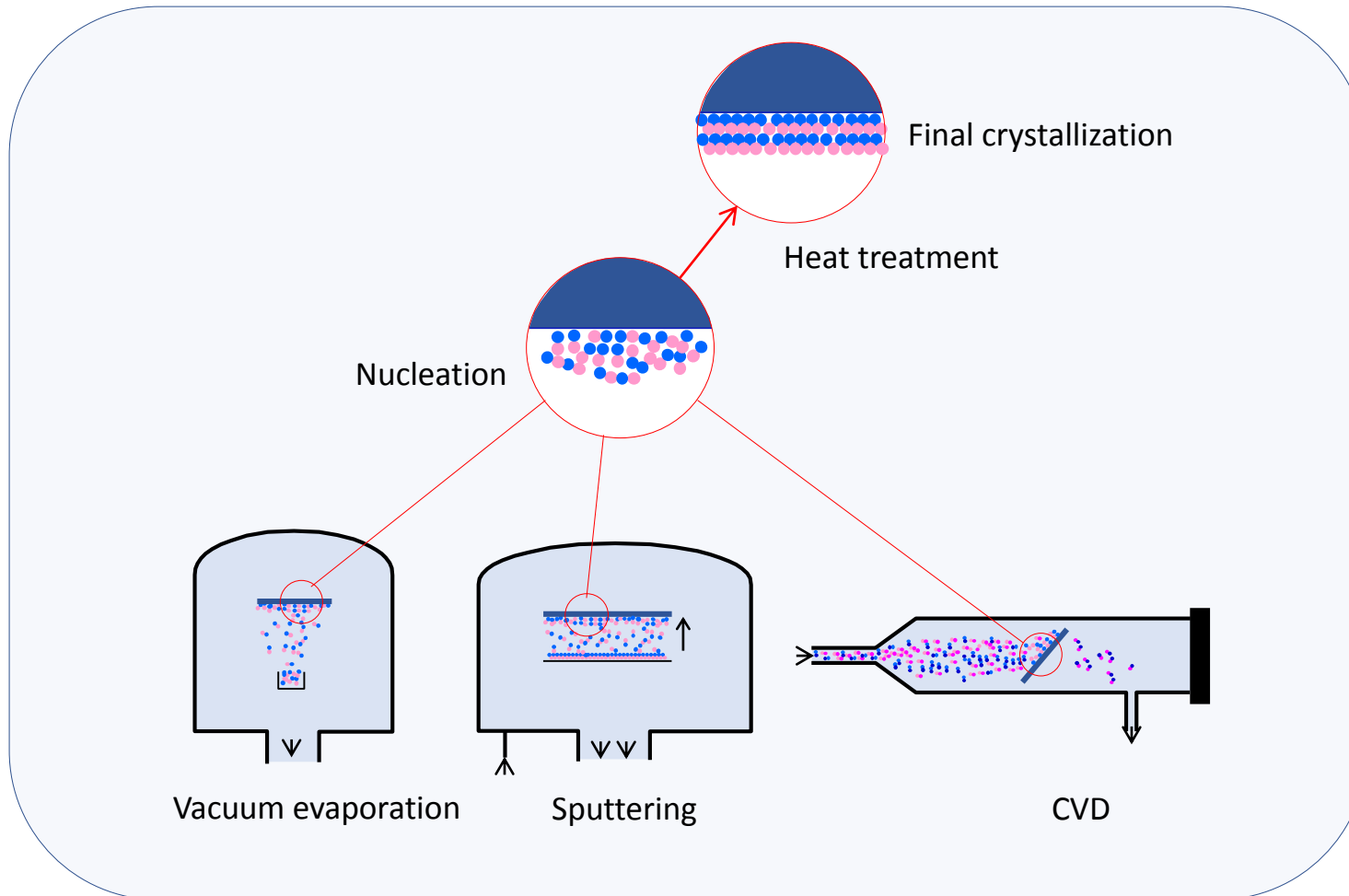
Highly ordered material layers are essential, e.g., in modern semiconductor devices needed in computers, mobile phones, and essentially in all electronic equipment.

ALD layers can be used to enhance the properties of solar cells, Li-ion batteries and LED lights – also as protective layers in numerous products from implantable micromedical devices to quality watches, silver ornaments, and even telescope mirrors.

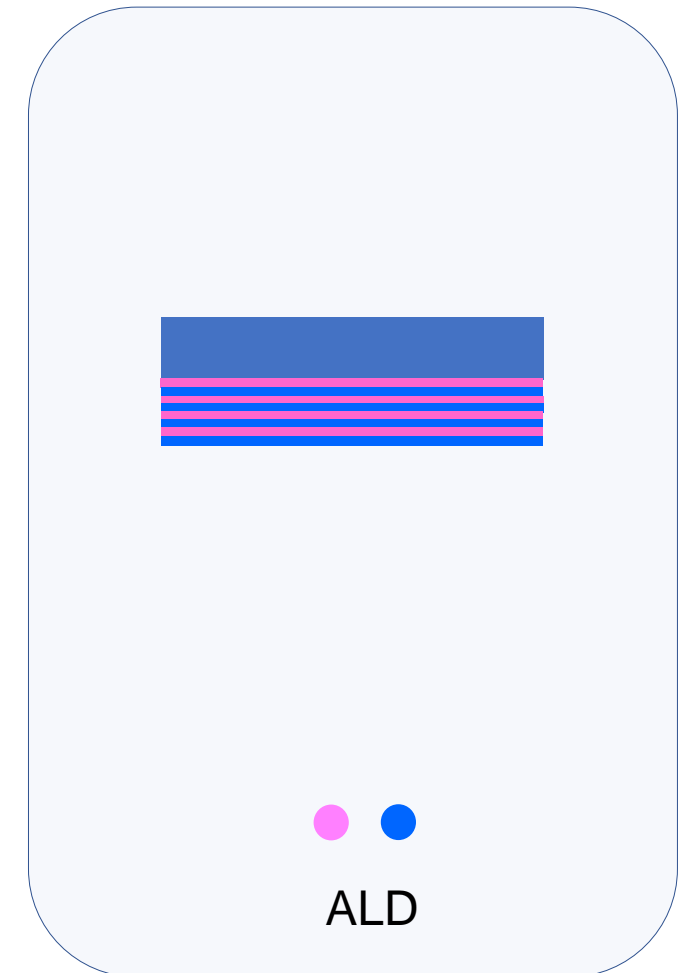


What makes ALD unique;
what gives the special properties to the ALD material layers?

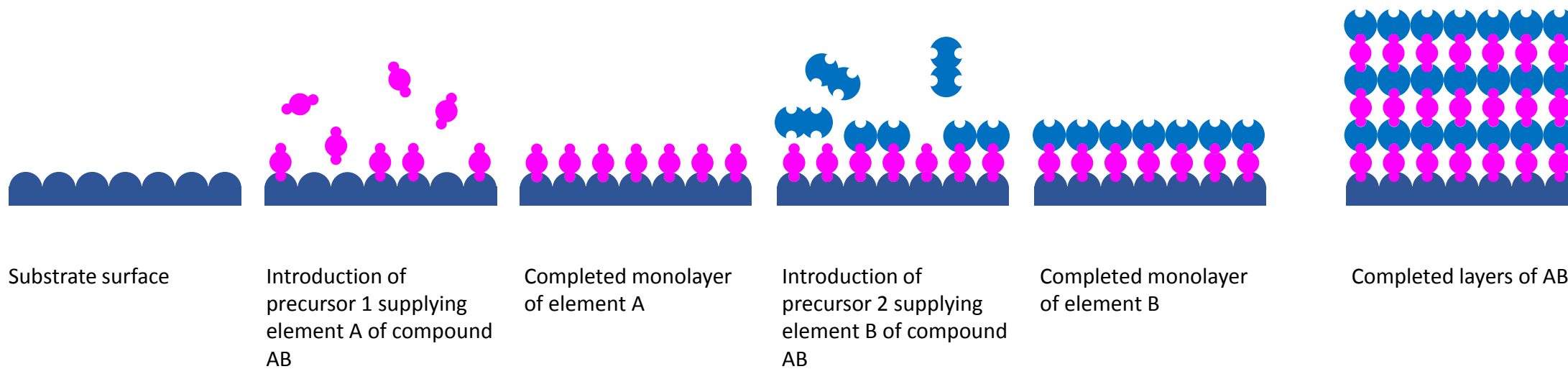
Conventional thin film technologies



Atomic Layer Deposition



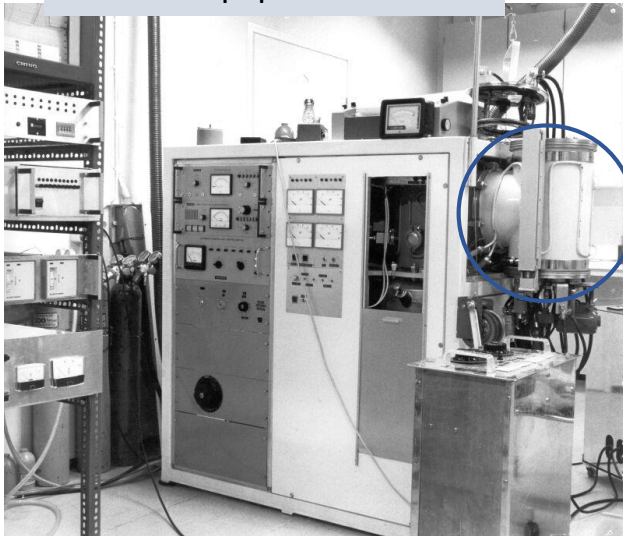
ALD sequences for compound AB



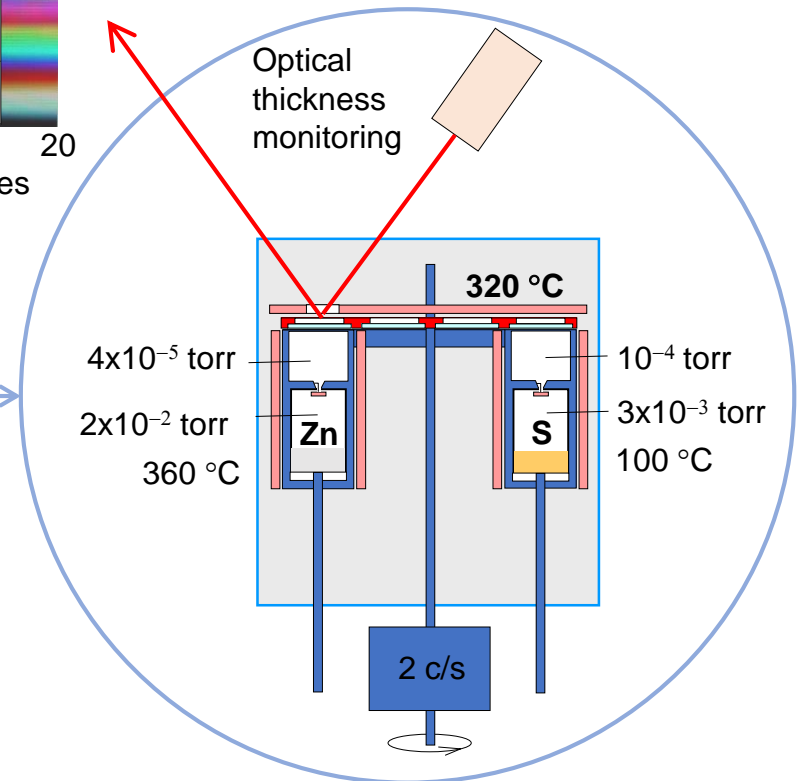
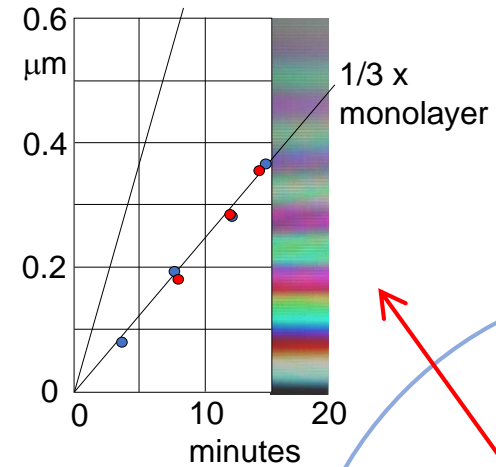
The 1st ALE process for ZnS, September 1974

Idea of sequential
buildup of compounds,
June 1974

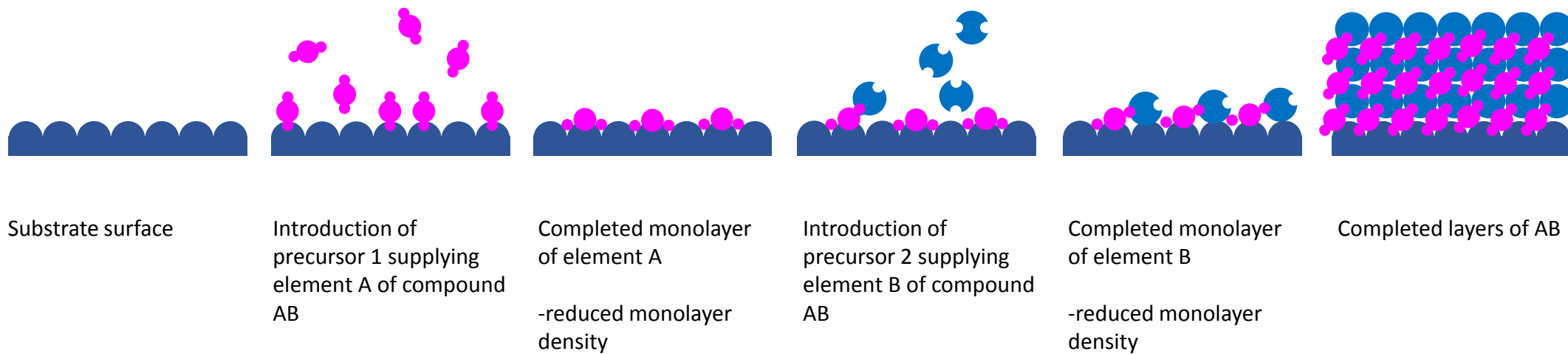
Construction of a test
equipment



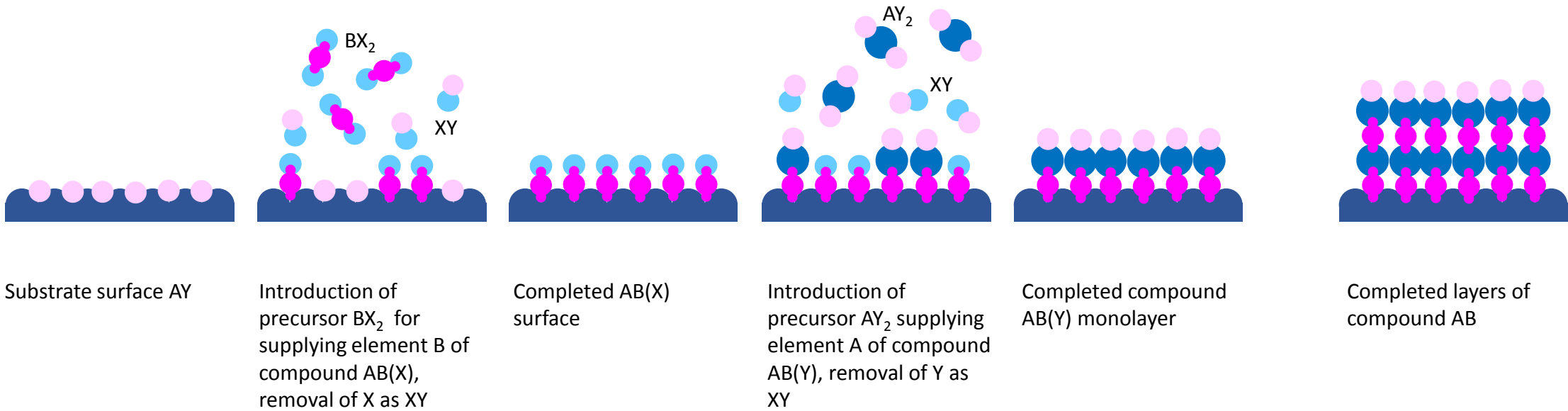
Hexagonal ZnS:
monolayer 3.13 Å
 $n=2.36$



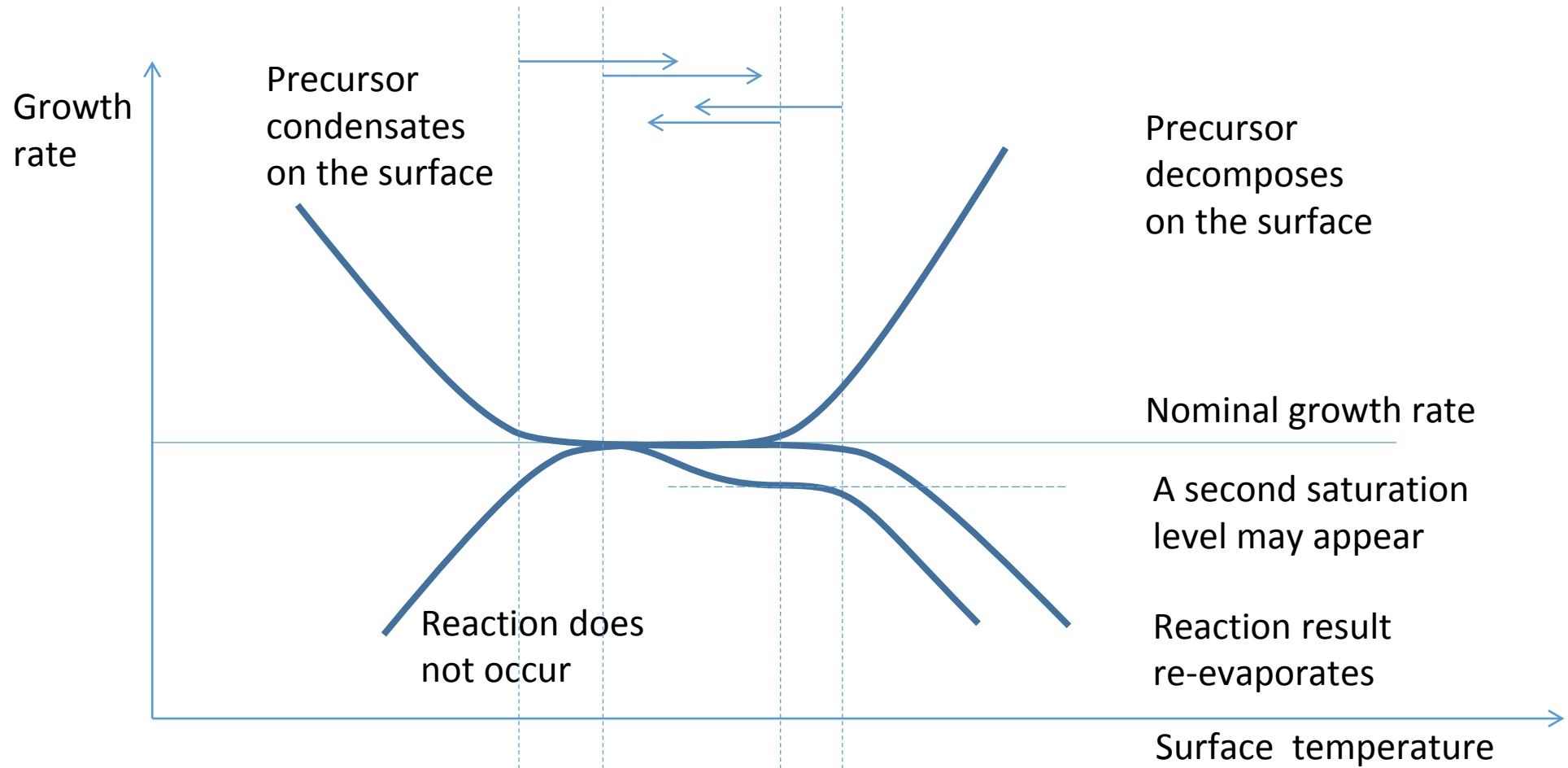
The ALD sequences for compound AB



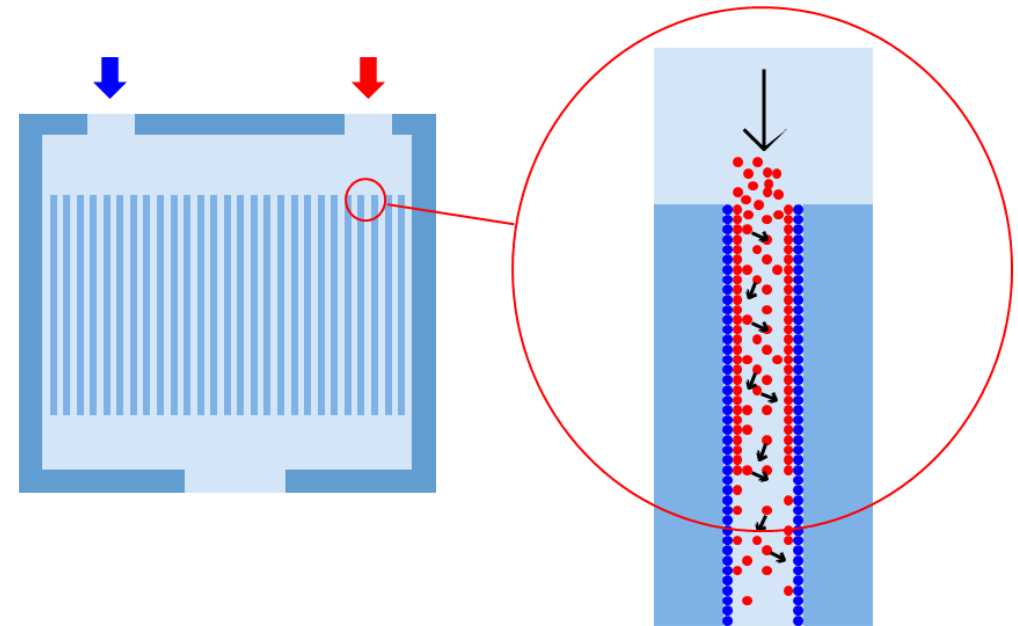
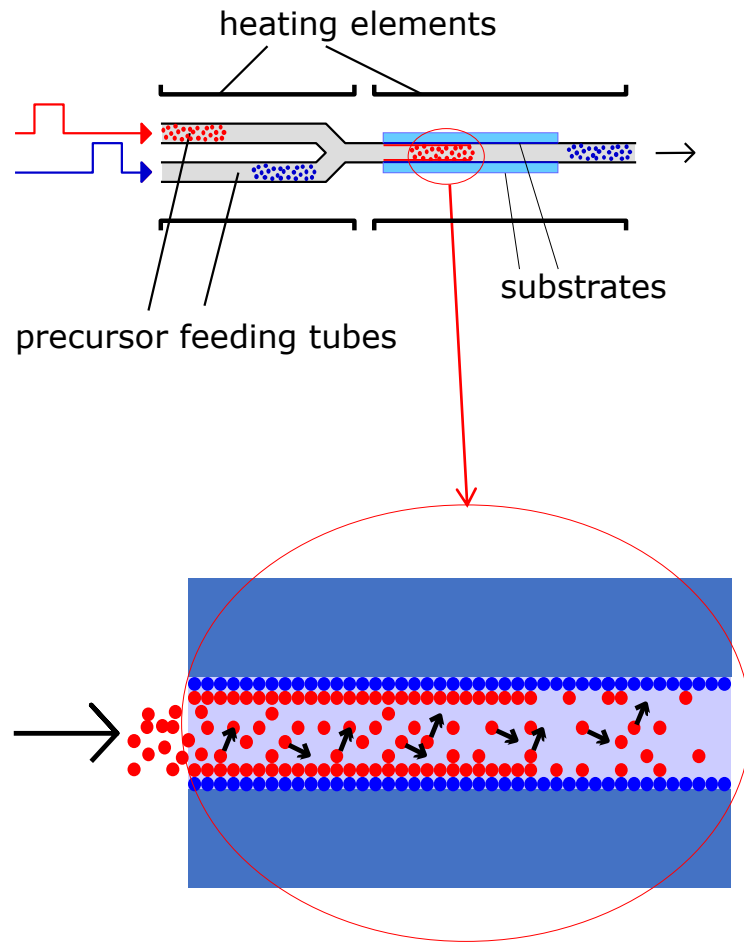
ALD sequences for compound AB using exchange reactions



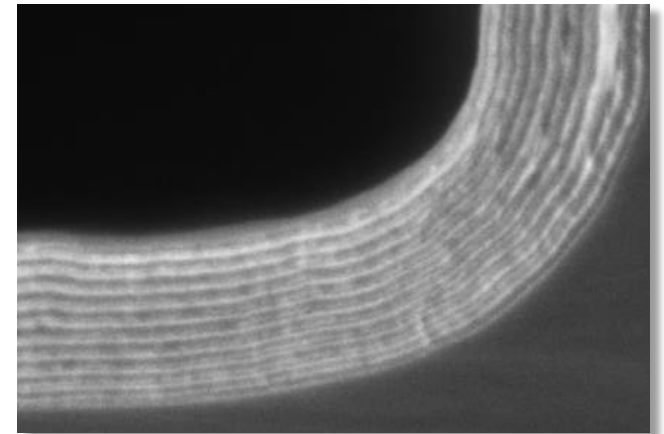
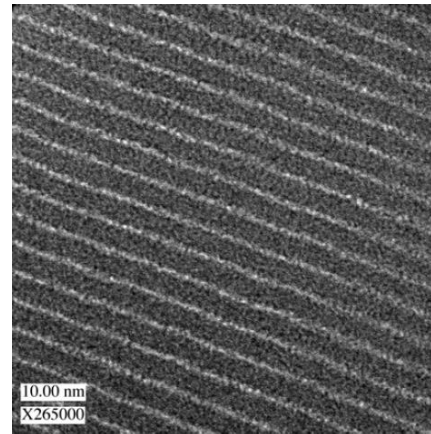
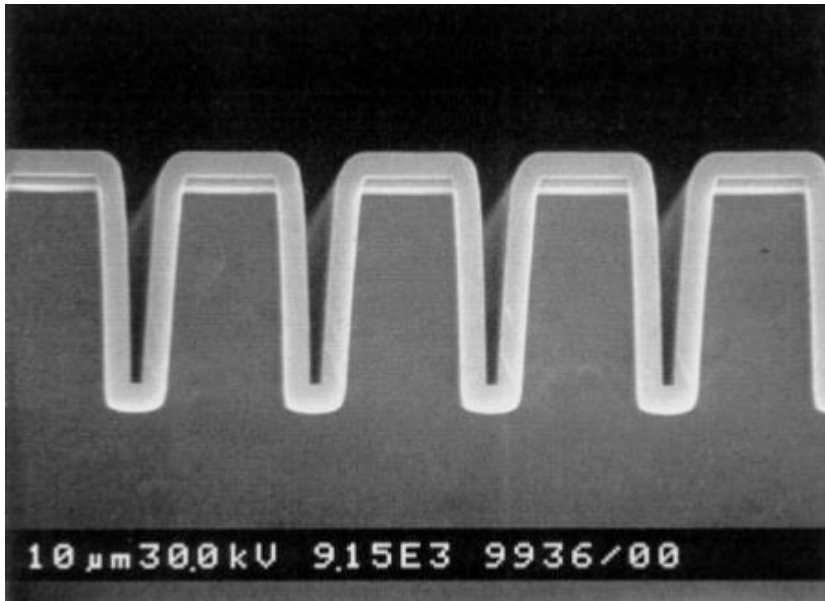
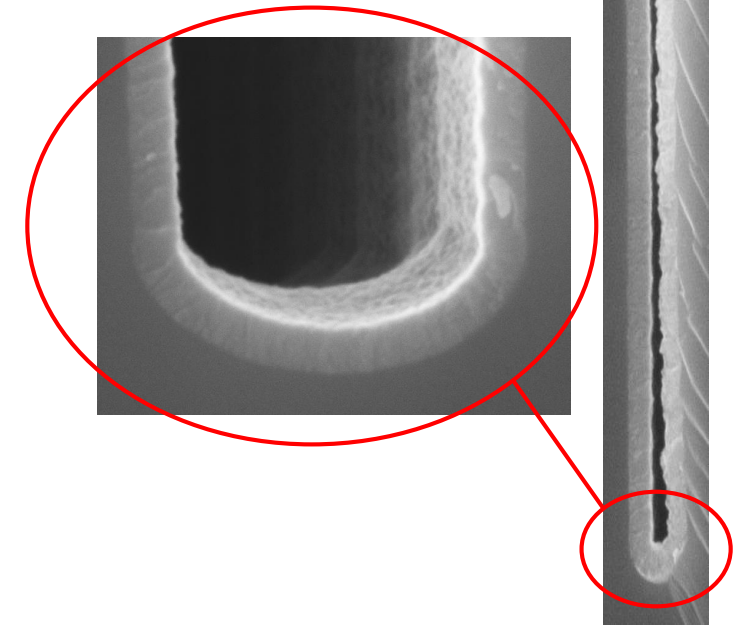
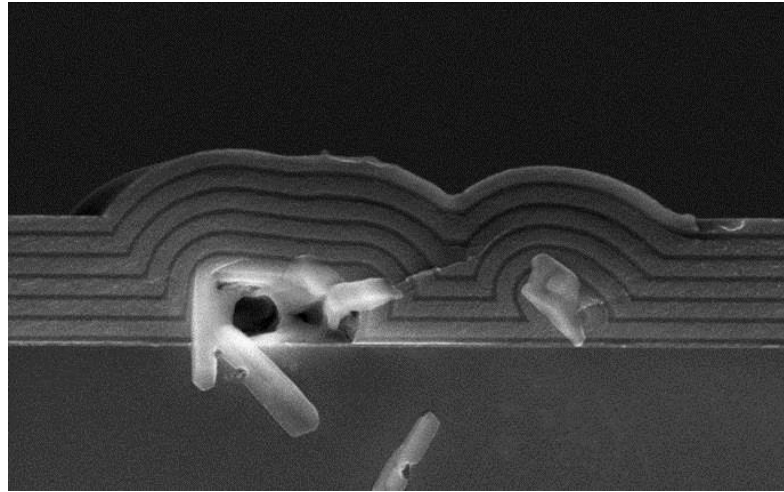
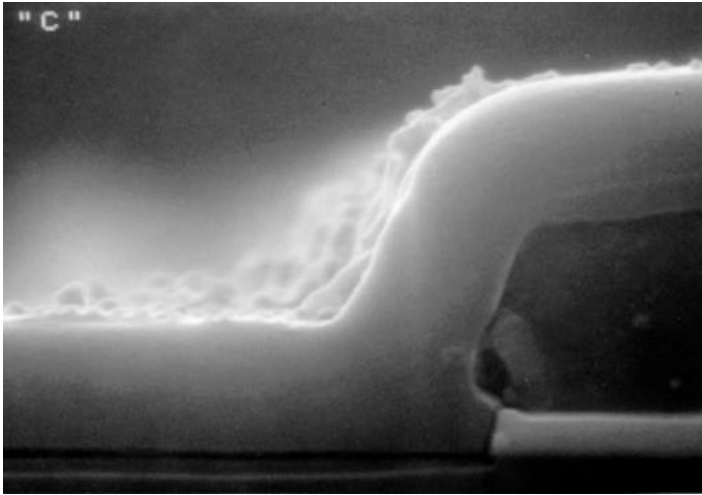
ALD processing window



Atomic Layer Deposition

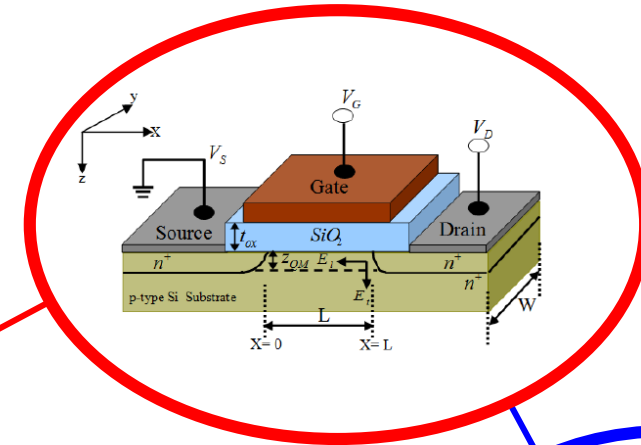
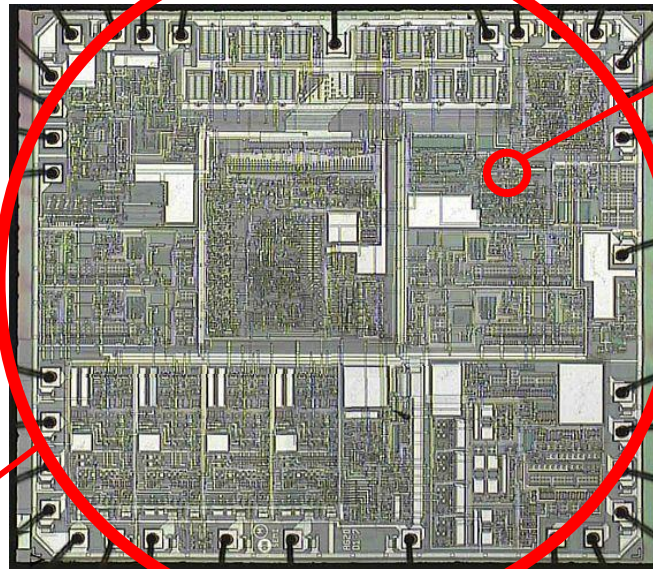


Conformal layers by ALD

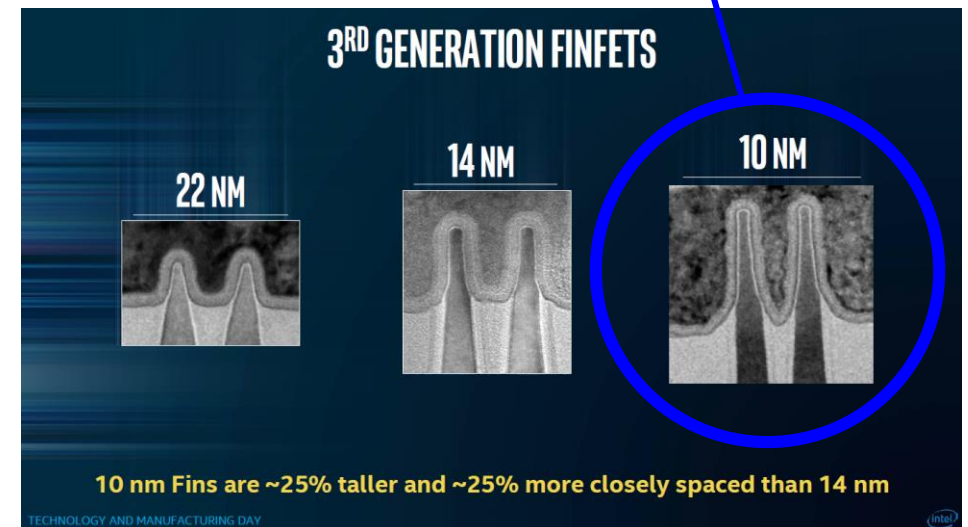
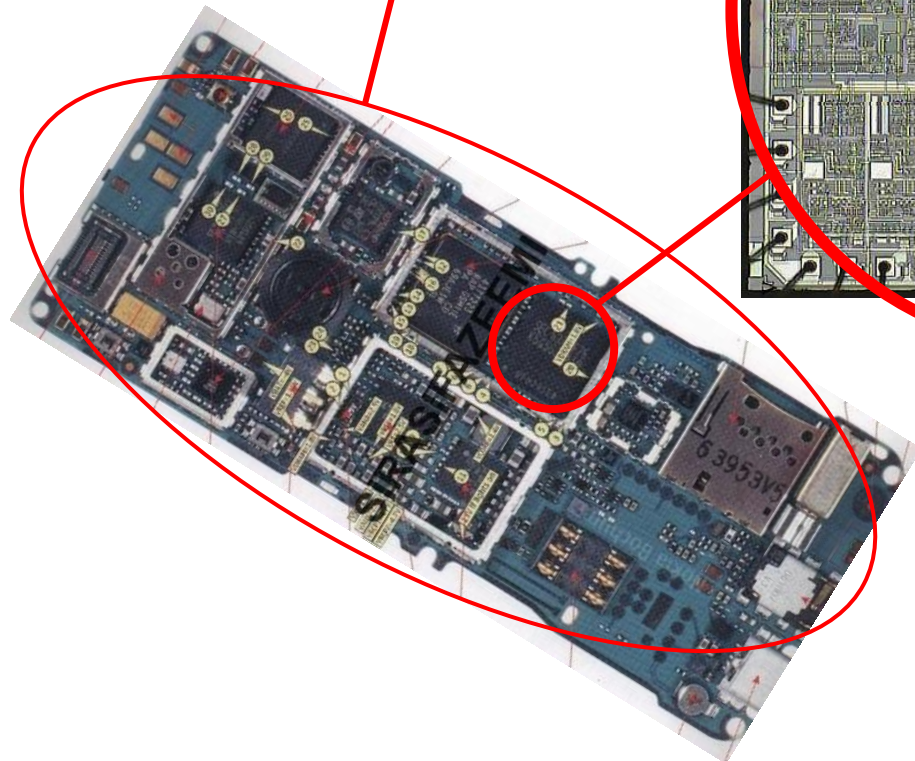
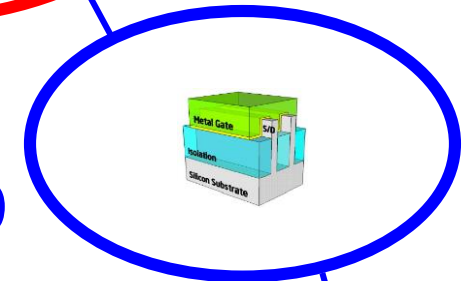


Where can we find ALD layers?

Towards < 10 000 000 000 transistors / chip



ALD



Atomic Layer Deposition

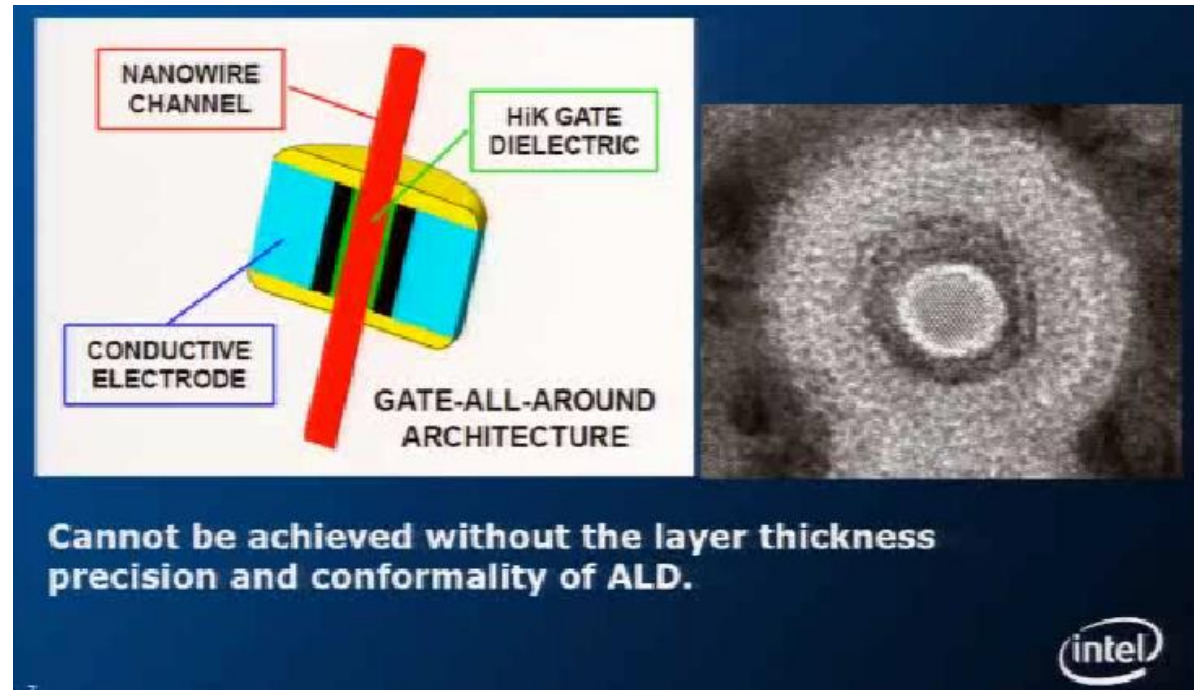
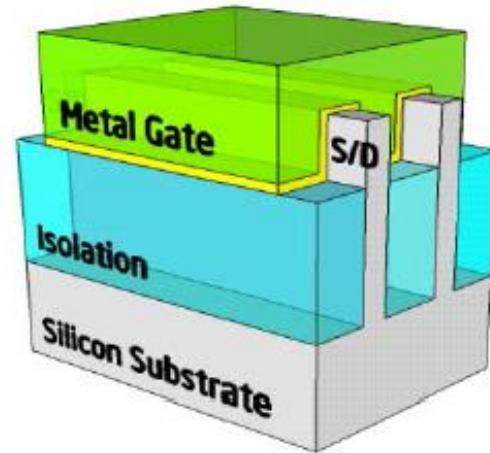
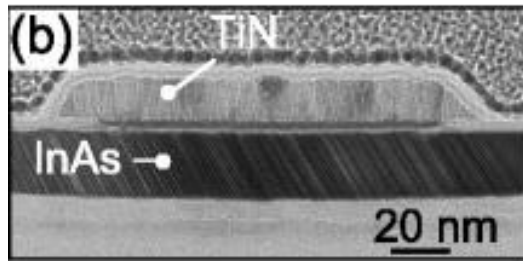
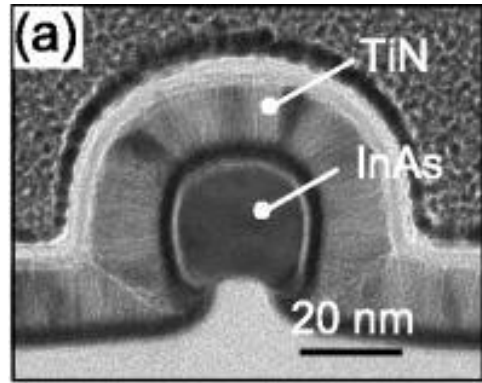
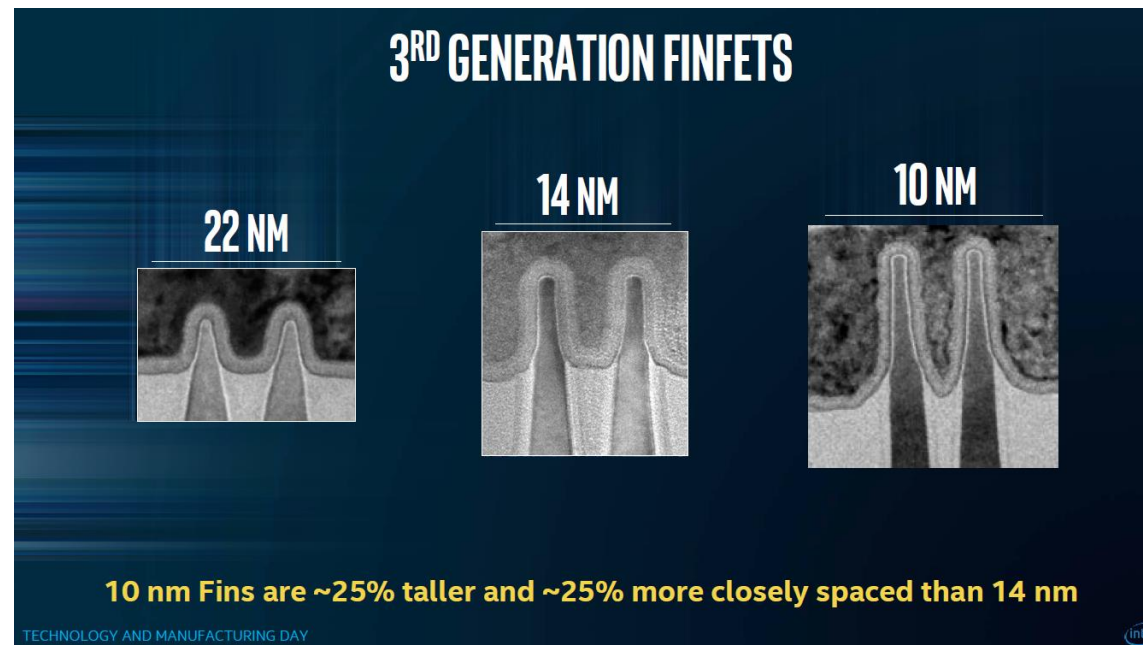


FIG. 4. Structural and electrical characterization of InAs MuG-FETs fabricated by TASE. (a) TEM cross-section image of the smallest device fabricated showing one out of ten parallel nanowire channels. (b) TEM cross-section image along the gated area of a 55 nm wide nanowire channel. Stacking faults inclined and perpendicular to the channel are visible. (c) output, (d) transfer and transconduction characteristics of a 55 nm wide MuG-FET.

Citation: Appl. Phys. Lett. 106, 233101 (2015);

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.4921962>



Tokyo Electron reports on patterning technology for advancements in scaling

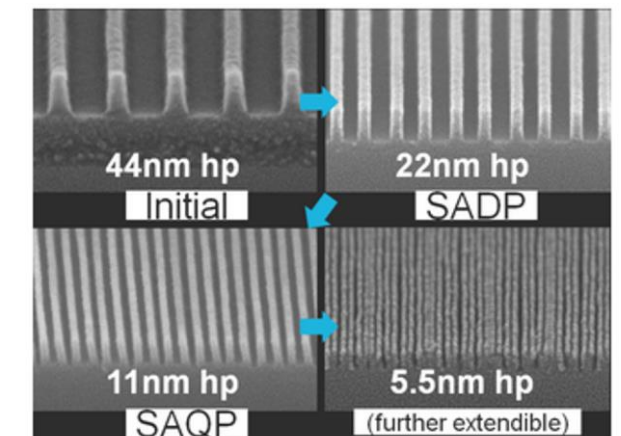
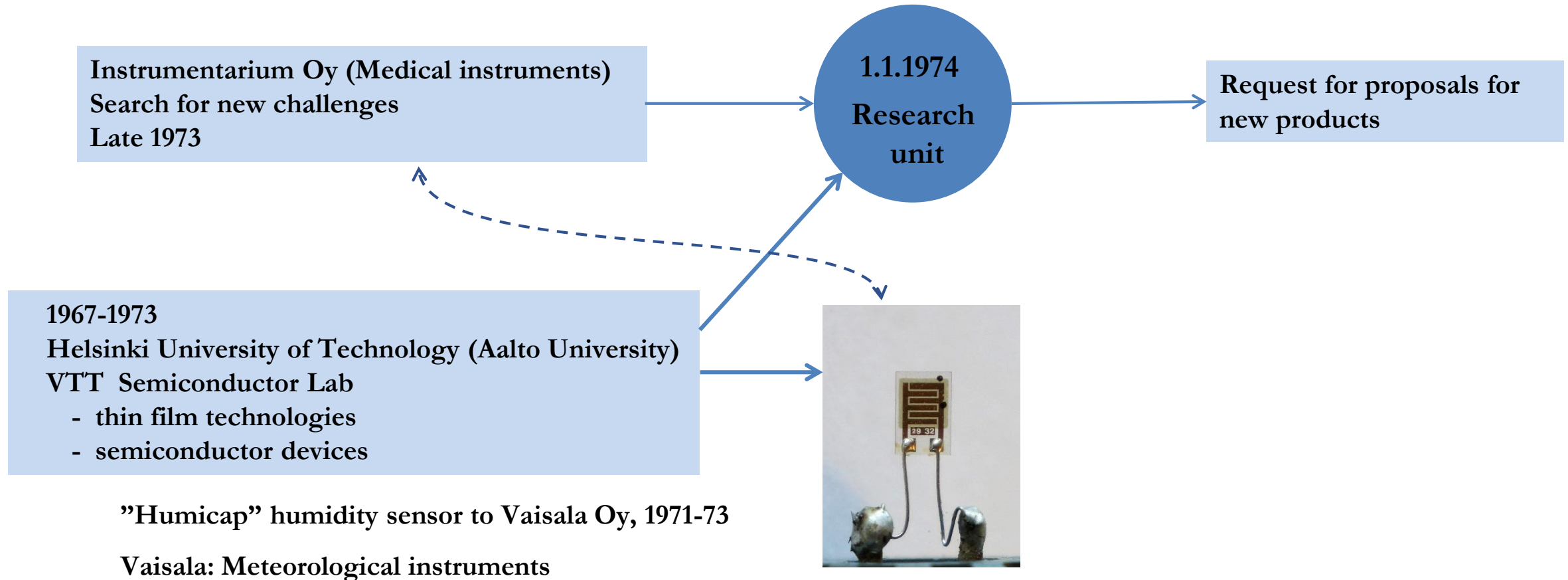


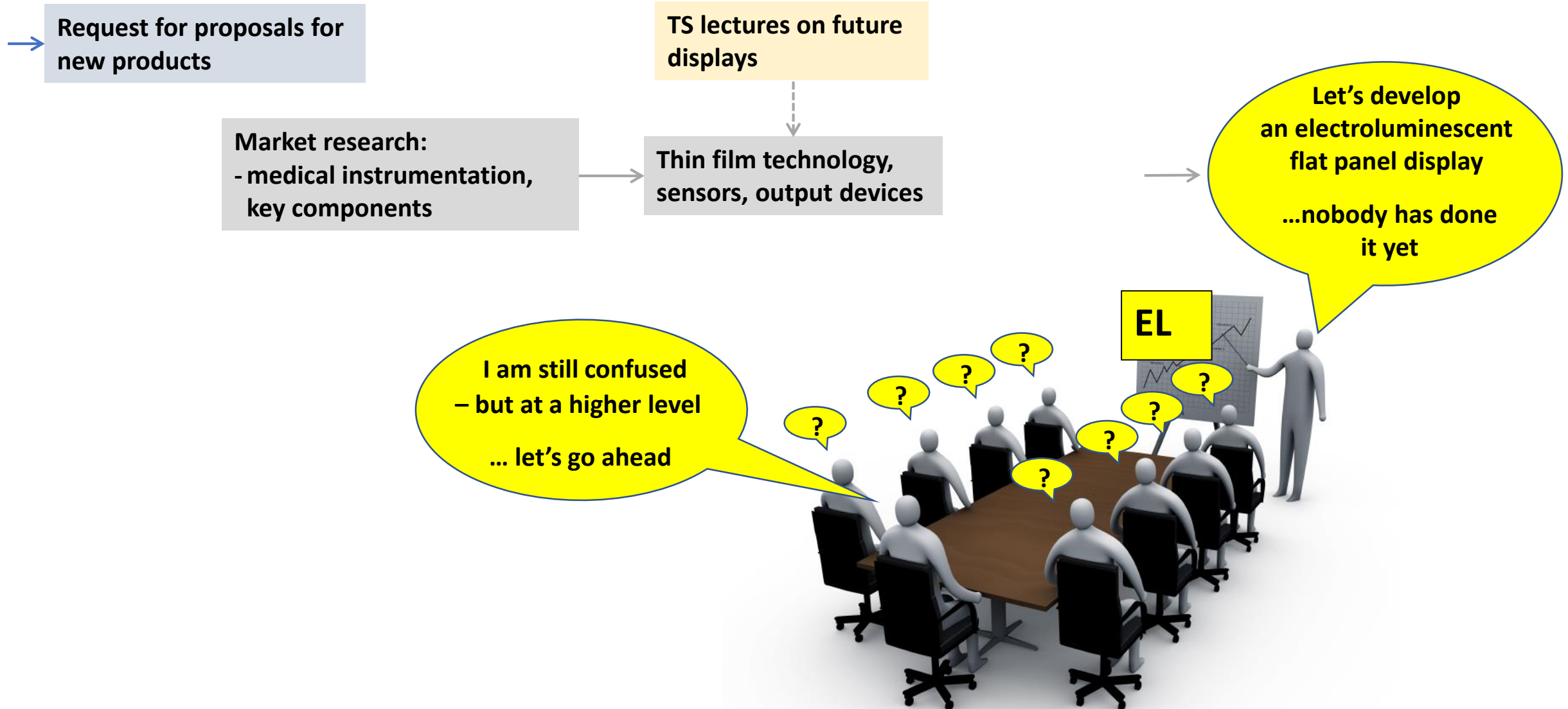
Fig. 4 Self-aligned multiple patterning

How was ALD invented, how was everything started?

From humidity sensor to EL-panels and ALD



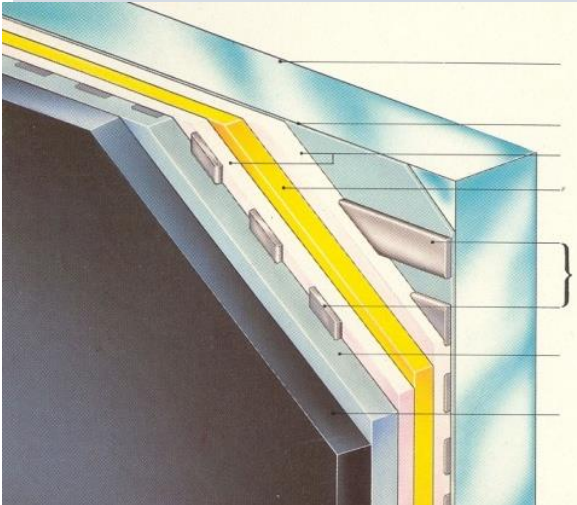
The proposal



The problem and the solution

State of the art in 1974:

- High performance demonstrated
- Major problems with stability due to the high operational voltage



Well controlled electronic properties require well ordered material

Well order material requires well ordered processing conditions

Novel thin film processing technique is needed

PERIODIC TABLE OF THE ELEMENTS

Table of Radioactive Isotopes

Periodic table showing elements and their isotopes. The table is color-coded by groups. A blue circle highlights the transition metal region (Groups 3-10). A yellow box highlights the element Zinc (Zn) in Group 12. A legend at the bottom left defines symbols for atomic number, boiling point, melting point, density, and electron configuration. Notes at the bottom right provide additional information about the table's content and usage.

SARGENT-WELCH
SARGENT-WELCH SCIENTIFIC COMPANY
7200 N. LINCOLN AVENUE, SKOKIE, ILLINOIS 60077

How about sequential buildup of compounds?
May - June 1974

Timeline of the EL-display development, commercialization steps

Timeline of the electroluminescent displays

1970

1980

1990

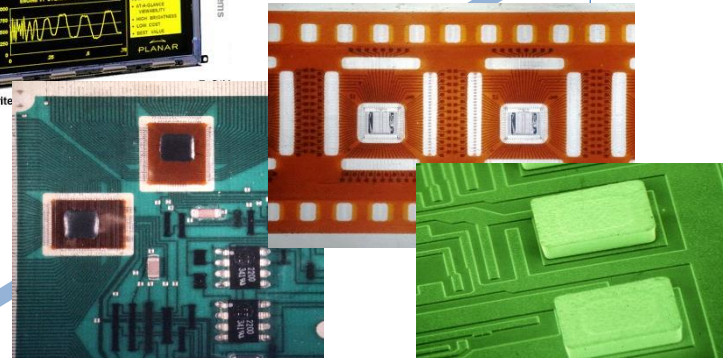
2000



TFEL and TDEL Technol
Learn more: www.EdisonTechCenter.o



Multi-color monitors



Picopack
Elcoteq

Production of EL panels

Pilot production of EL panels



EL demos

Need, ideas, solution, demonstration, basic patents

Instru

Lohja Oy

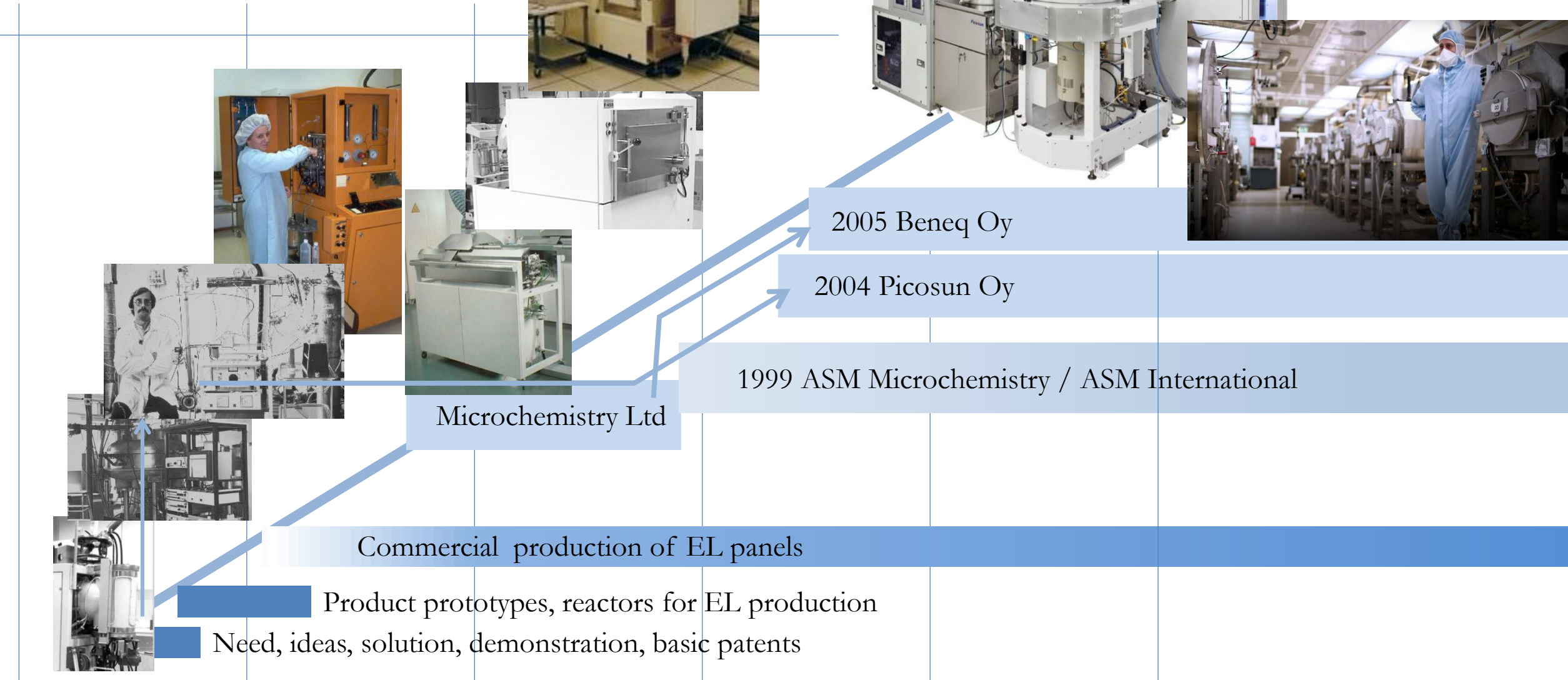
1990 Planar International

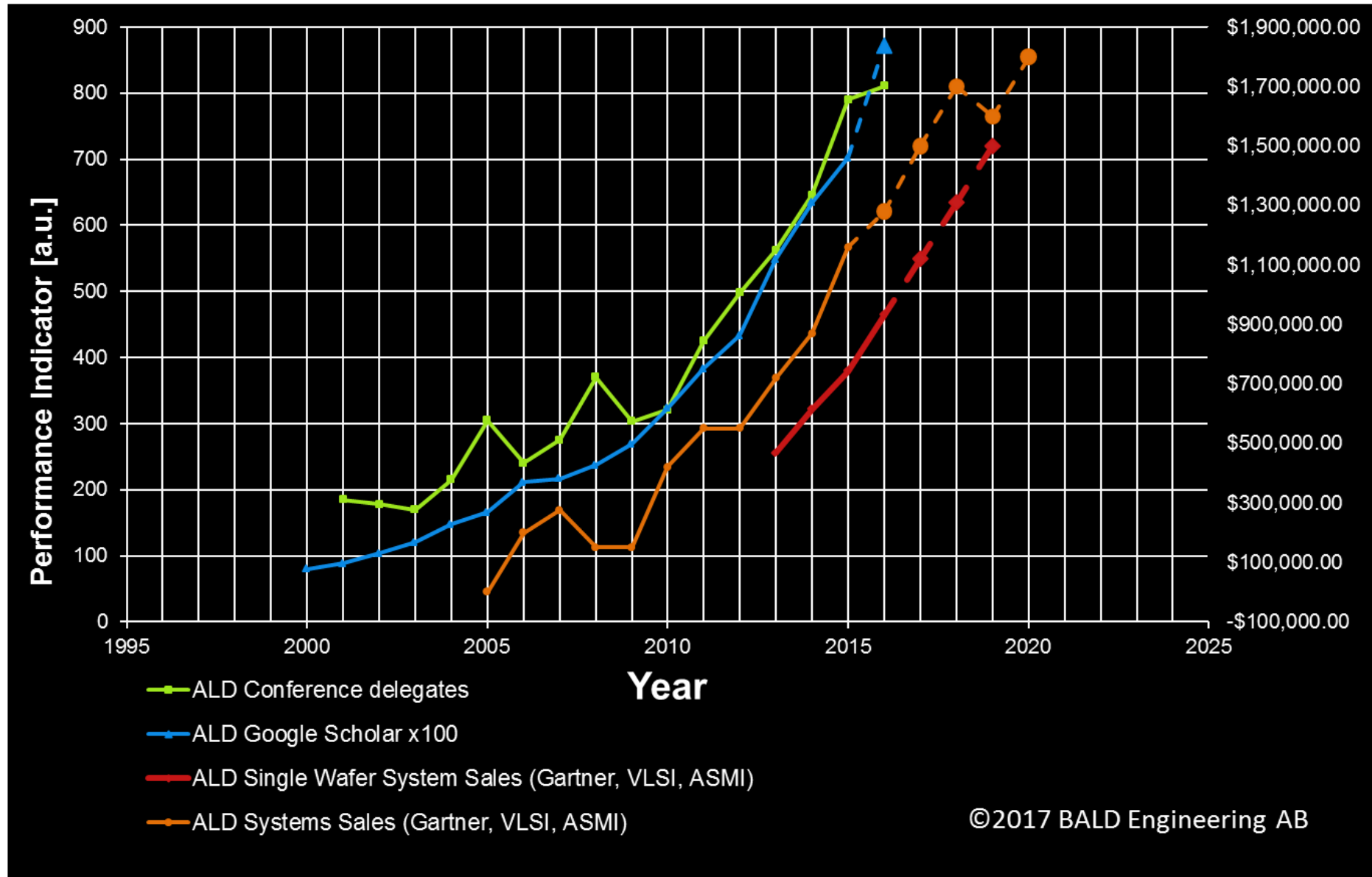
2007 Beneq

Timeline of the ALD development, commercialization steps

ALD reactors
– the breakthrough of ALD technology

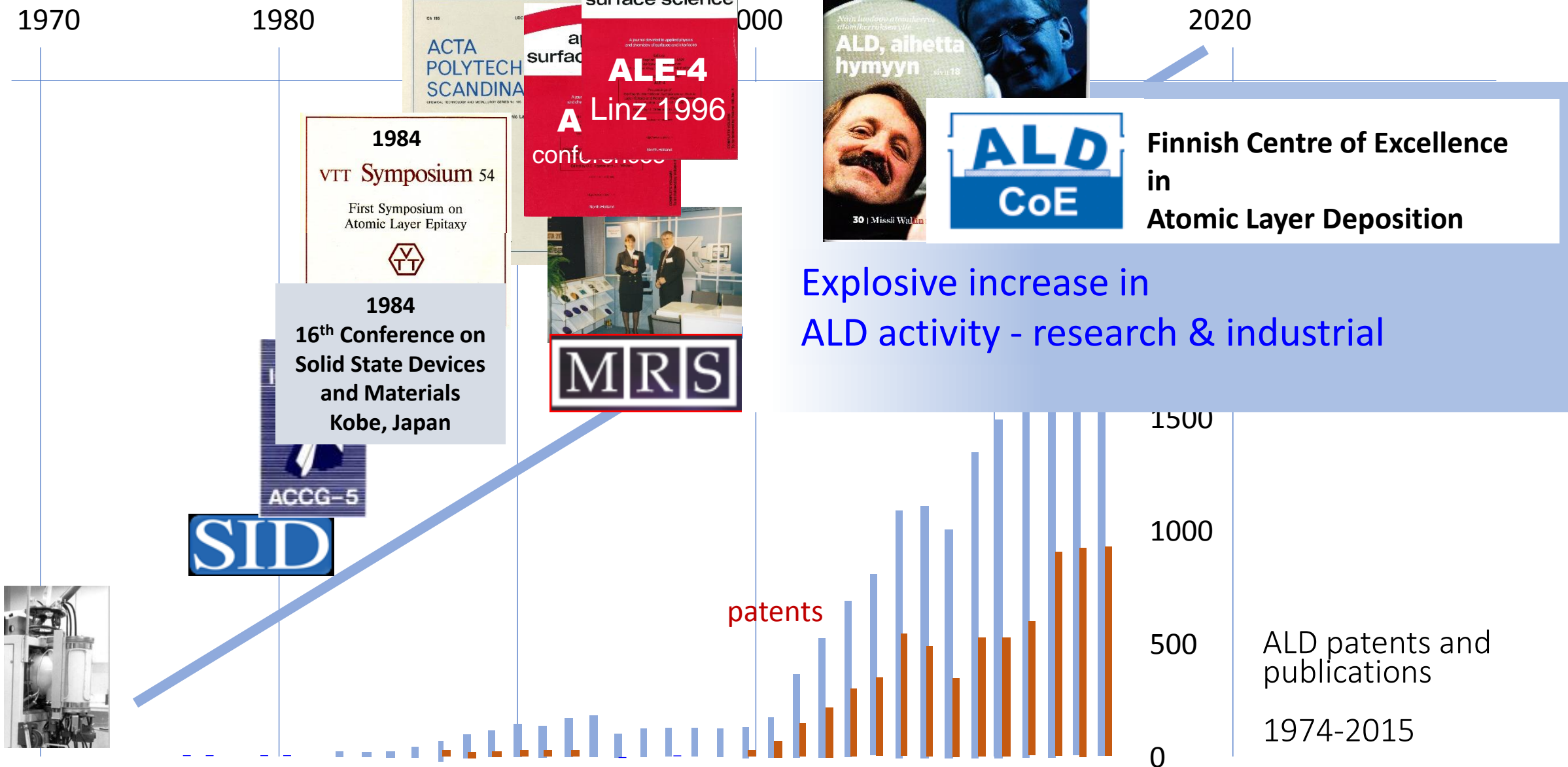
1970 1980 1990





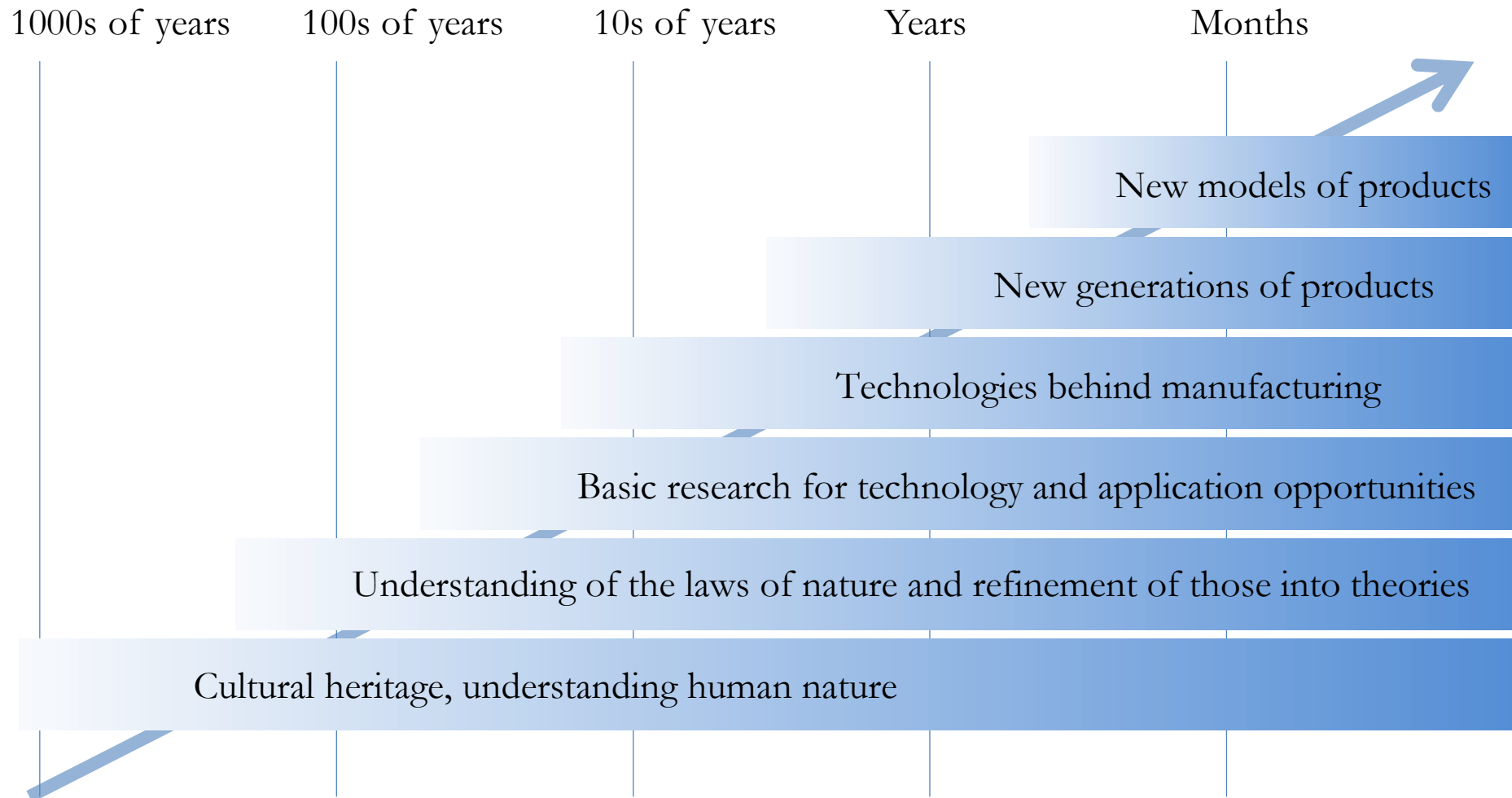
Timeline of the ALD scientific activity

Timeline of the ALD scientific and industrial activity



Hierarchy and timespan of developments

Timespan of developments



From laboratory to commercial success

There is a Finnish saying: One drawing is worth 1000 words

- one demo is worth 1000 drawings
- one product is worth 1000 demos
- vital industry is worth millions of products

When is the work completed?

Scientist celebrates the idea,

Engineer celebrates successful demoes,

Production manager celebrates successful mass production and high yield,

Quality manager celebrates successful test results and reproducible specifications,

Marketing manager celebrates enthusiastic market response,

Sales manager celebrates orders received,

Financial manager celebrates paying customers and the money received,

General manager and owners celebrate profitable business,

Everyone can feel proud for being a part of a process benefiting the society and sustainable development.

Thank you for your attention!

Fortum Foundation's objectives

The Foundation's purpose is to support research, education and development in natural, technical and economical sciences within the energy industry.

The Foundation's focus areas within the energy industry are energy production and use and clean energy solutions for traffic with new circular and bio-economy related and digital solutions.

Scholarships 2018

	Applications 2018		Granted scholarships	
	number	value, €	number	value, €
B1 Thesis related studies	5	36 600 €	1	8 000 €
B2 Post- graduate studies	99	4 289 232 €	31	656 800 €
B3 Other personal related	33	302 670 €	6	18 120 €
Total	137	4 628 502 €	38	682 920 €

Scholarships 2018

Matias Berg

Rinnakkain kytkettyjen verkon muodostavien vaihtosuuntaajien dynamiikka

Bela Bhuskute

Harnessing visible light photons for solar fuel generation: Scalable Artificial Leaf approach

Ding Chao

Demand response experiments – nudge into action

Eemeli Eronen

Muovijätteestä hydrotermisellä nesteytyksellä valmistettujen öljyjen koostumuksen tutkimus korkean erotuskyvyn massaspektrometriallla

Christian Giovanelli

Aggregating smart loads to participate in frequency containment reserves

José Luis Gonzáles Escobedo

Hydrodeoxygenation catalysts for advanced bifofuels

Scholarships 2018

Ashish Gulagi

Transition pathways towards a low cost fully sustainable energy system for India with integration of the industrial sector

Ondrej Haluska

Plant-based nanostructured silicon carbide for demanding applications

Iftikhar Haider

Large-area dye-sensitized solar cells with novel material composites

Jogi Ramakrishna

An integrated process for the production of green aviation fuel range cycloalkanes through hydrothermal liquefaction of lignocellulosic biomass

Martina Jokel

UV-screen active compounds from nordic microalgae

Riikka Juhola

Teollisuuden sivuvirtojen ja biomassojen hyödyntäminen vedenpuhdistuskemikaaleina

Scholarships 2018

Viivi Kallio

A hybrid weather satellite – weather model forecasting system for solar surface radiation over Fennoscandia

Lokesh Kesavan

Recycling CO₂ to fuels via electro-catalytic reduction using size & shape controlled metal alloy nanoparticles/catalyst materials

Tahamina Kahanam

Climate change modelling on the carbon footprint, sustainable forest carbon management and preferred taxation pattern in the Nordic bioeconomy

Lucas Lagerquist

Structural characterization and modifications of novel lignings isolated from biorefineries

Jukka Lappalainen

Developing hydrothermal process to convert black liquor into high-quality transportation fuel

Roni Luhtala

Älykäs tehoelektroniikka: reaaliaikaisesti sähköverkon olosuhteisiin sopeutuva säätöjärjestelmä

Scholarships 2018

Madhu Paudyal

Formation of perovskite layers for the fabrication of solar cell with characterization using spectroscopic methods and introduction of polymer layer for the protection of stability of perovskite

Arunas Meserisakovas

Production of Si-doped carbon nanostructures for lithium and beyond lithium ion batteries

Samppa Mäkelä

Modelling hydrogeothermal energy potential in Finland

Ville Nikkanen

Novel absorbents enabling demand side management

Sami Ollikkala

Röntgenspektroskopiset menetelmät ja niiden kehittäminen energian varastointimateriaalien sekä katalyyttimateriaalien tutkimuksessa

Anna Pääkkönen

Potential of biomass in increasing the flexibility of energy systems

Scholarships 2018

Markus Rauhalahti

Computational design of molecular catalysts for small molecule activation and enantioselective catalysis

Jouni Rissanen

Utilization of biomass fly ash from fluidized bed combustion as cement replacement material

Matti Roitto

Fuel for commercial politics – the nucleus of early commercial proliferation of atomic energy in three acts

Annu Rusanen

Sahanpurun katalyyttinen muuntaminen korkean lisäarvon tuotteiksi

Antti Ruuskanen

Tuulivoima jäätävissä olosuhteissa – ilmakehän pienhiukkasten vaikutus pilvijäätämisen voimakkuuteen

Ville Sahlberg

Deterministic neutronics tools for modelling advanced reactor concepts

Scholarships 2018

Jagadish Salunke

Low-cost, high performance and stable perovskite solar cells

Junko Sugano

Analysis of gene expression of lignocellulose enzymes by co-cultured basidiomycetes for utilization of woody biomass

Milla Suominen

Electroactive composite materials for sustainable energy applications

Jussi Valta

Mechanisms of emergence and governance of microgrids under institutional path dependence

Maisa Vuorte

Adsorption of impurities in bio-based oils for oil purification

Yongchao Zhang

Integrated catalytic fractionation of lignocellulose into soluble lignin-derived oligomer and processable carbohydrate pulps

Peter Zorve

Highly efficient OLED lighting based on rotating molecules